Married Women's Property (Amendment) Bill, 1925.

MEMORANDUM.

THE Bill makes it clear that a husband is not liable for wrongs committed by his wife since the marriage.

The Bill restores what has been regarded as the law in this State since the decision of the High Court of Australia in *Brown v. Holloway* (10 C.L.R. 89) in 1909, and displaces the law laid down towards the end of last year by the House of Lords in *Edwards v. Porter* ([1925] A.C. 1).

The Bill does not affect the liability of a husband where he takes part with his wife in committing a wrongful act, or where he authorises or ratifies a wrongful act committed by her.

A provision similar to that contained in the Bill has been in force in Victoria since 1908, and is now consolidated in section nineteen of the Victorian Married Women's Property Act, 1915.

In England steps are being taken to alter the law as laid down in *Edwards v. Porter*, and a Bill for the purpose has been introduced by the Lord Chancellor—the Married Women (Torts) Bill, 1925, which was ordered to be printed on the 28th May last.

J. B. PEDEN,

Commissioner for Law Reform.

10th November, 1925.

85507 75—(2)

[CONFIDENTIAL.]

(Rough Draft for Consideration Only.)

No. , 1925.

A BILL

To amend the law as to the liability of a husband for torts committed by his wife after marriage; to amend the Married Women's Property Act, 1901; and for purposes connected therewith.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Married Women's Short title. Property (Amendment) Act, 1925."

75-(3)

2.

2. The Married Women's Property Act, 1901, is Amendment amended by inserting therein after section nineteen of Act, 1901, the following new section:—

19A. A husband shall not be liable to be sued Torts of wife or to be made a party to any action or legal after proceeding brought against his wife in respect of Vict. No. any tort committed by her after the marriage, 2,692, s. 19, unless he would be liable to be sued or to be made a party if he were not her husband.

3. Any alteration of the law by this Act shall saving not affect any action or proceeding pending at the clause.

commencement of this Act.